

# THIR UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME:

Unshington State University Research Joundation

THETE'S, THERE HAS BEEN PRESENTED TO THE

# Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROFECTION FOR AN ALLEGED DISTINCT VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED, OR TUBER PROPAGATED PLANT, THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE THERETO IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDICATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF TWENTY PLANS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC REPLENISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAW, THE RIGHT TO EXCLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT, OR CONTING IT, OR EXPORTING IT, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE VERYINGSE. OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE SE, OR USING IT IN PRODUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT VARIETY THEREFROM, TO THE EXTENT TO BY THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION ACT. (84 STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2321 ET SEQ.)

WHEAT, COMMON

'Louise'

In Testimonn Marcest, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Mant Mariety Frotestion Office to be affixed at the City of Washington, D.C. this fifth day of June, in the year two thousand and six.

MILGOLO Secretary of Agriculture

Attost:

Commissioner

Plant Variety Protection Office ...Agricultural Markoting Sorvice

#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE
SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY OF ANTIVADIETY PROTECTION OFFICE

The following statements are made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U S.C. 552a) and the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995.

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY - P	LANT VARIETY P	ROTECTION OFFICE	Application is required in arrive to date	Application is required in order to determine if a plant variety protection certificate is to be issued		
APPLICATION FOR PLANT VA (Instructions and information co.				nfidential until certificate is issued (7 U.S.C. 2426).		
NAME OF OWNER     Washington State Universi	ty Posoni	rch Foundation	TEMPORARY DESIGNATION OR EXPERIMENTAL NAME	3. VARIETY NAME Louise		
washington state oniversi	ty ixeseai	CITEOUNGATION	WA007921			
4. ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City,	State, and ZIP Co	de, and Country)	5. TELEPHONE (include area code)	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY		
1610 NE Eastgate Blvd.			(509) 335-4363	200500311		
Pullman, WA 99163			6. FAX (include area code)			
			(509) 335-7237	FILING DATE		
<ol> <li>IF THE OWNER NAMED IS NOT A "PERSON". ORGANIZATION (corporation, partnership, asso</li> </ol>		8. IF INCORPORATED, GIVE STATE OF INCORPORATION	9. DATE OF INCORPORATION			
Corporation		WA	July 7, 1939	August 4, 2005		
10. NAME AND ADDRESS OF OWNER REPRESE	ENTATIVE(S) TO S	L SERVE IN THIS APPLICATION. (First	t person listed will receive all papers)	F FILING AND EXAMINATION FEES:		
Dr. Keith Jones, Director Washington State University Research F	Coundation		ì	\$ \$ 3652.00		
1610 NE Eastgate Blvd.				R DATE 8/04/2005		
Pullman, WA 99163				E \$ 768 00		
				E DATE April 7, 2006		
11. TELEPHONE (Include area code)	12. FAX (Includ	le area code)	13. E-MAIL	D		
(509) 335-4363 (509) 335-7237			jonesk@wsu.edu			
14. CROP KIND (Common Name) 16. FAMILY NAME (Botanical)				IN ANY TRANSGENES? (OPTIONAL)		
Spring wheat Gramineae			IS CO. DUE ACE COME TUE A	☐ YES ☑ NO  IF SO, PLEASE GIVE THE ASSIGNED USDA-APHIS REFERENCE NUMBER FOR THE		
15. GENUS AND SPECIES NAME OF CROP Triticum aestivum L.	17. IS THE VAL	RIETY A FIRST GENERATION HYBR	APPROVED PETITION TO E COMMERICALIZATION.	PEREGULATE THE GENETICALLY MODIFIED PLANT FOR		
19. CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX FOR EACH ATTA (Follow instructions on reverse)	 ACHMENT SUBMI	TTED	20. DOES THE OWNER SPECIF	DOES THE OWNER SPECIFY THAT SEED OF THIS VARIETY BE SOLD AS A CLASS     OF CERTIFIED SEED? (See Section 83(a) of the Plant Variety Protection Act)		
a. Exhibit A. Origin and Breeding History	of the Variety		YES (If "yes", answer	YES (If "yes", answer items 21 and 22 below) INO (If "no", go to item 23)		
b.  Exhibit B. Statement of Distinctness			21. DOES THE OWNER SPECIF' NUMBER OF CLASSES?	THAT SEED OF THIS VARIETY BE LIMITED AS TO		
c. Exhibit C. Objective Description of Var	iety		☐ YES ☐ NO			
d. Exhibit D. Additional Description of the				☐ FOUNDATION ☐ REGISTERED ☐ CERTIFIED  THAT SEED OF THIS VARIETY BE LIMITED AS TO		
e. Exhibit E. Statement of the Basis of the			NUMBER OF GENERATIONS			
f. Voucher Sample (2,500 viable untreate verification that tissue culture will be de repository)			YES NO	ER 1,2,3, etc. FOR EACH CLASS.		
g. Filing and Examination Fee (\$3,652), m		reasurer of the United		GISTERED CERTIFIED		
	,		(If additional explanation is nec	essary, please use the space indicated on the reverse.)		
23. HAS THE VARIETY (INCLUDING ANY HARVES FROM THIS VARIETY BEEN SOLD, DISPOSED OTHER COUNTRIES?			24. IS THE VARIETY OR ANY CO	MPONENT OF THE VARIETY PROTECTED BY RIGHT (PLANT BREEDER'S RIGHT OR PATENT)?		
YES NO			YES V NO			
IF YES, YOU MUST PROVIDE THE DATE OF I FOR EACH COUNTRY AND THE CIRCUMSTA				RY, DATE OF FILING OR ISSUANCE AND ASSIGNED se use space indicated on reverse.)		
25. The owners declare that a viable sample of basi a tuber propagated variety a tissue culture will be				cordance with such regulations as may be applicable, or for		
The undersigned owner(s) is(are) the owner of t entitled to protection under the provisions of Sec	his sexually reprod ction 42 of the Plar	luced or tuber propagated plant variet nt Variety Protection Act.	ty, and believe(s) that the variety is new, dist	inct, uniform, and stable as required in Section 42, and is		
Owner(s) is (are) informed that false representati	tion herein can jeo					
SIGNATURE OF OWNER			SIGNATURE OF OWNER	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
Keithi ) ones						

NAME (Please print or type)

CAPACITY OR TITLE

Director

8/2/05

.

NAME (Please print or type)

Dr. Keith Jones

CAPACITY OR TITLE

Director

#### INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: To be effectively filed with the Plant Variety Protection Office (PVPO), ALL of the following items must be received in the PVPO: (1) Completed application form signed by the owner; (2) completed exhibits A, B, C, E; (3) for a seed reproduced variety at least 2,500 viable untreated seeds, for a hybrid variety at least 2,500 untreated seeds of each line necessary to reproduce the variety, or for tuber reproduced varieties verification that a viable (in the sense that it will reproduce an entire plant) tissue culture will be deposited and maintained in an approved public repository; (4) check drawn on a U.S. bank for \$3,652 (\$432 filing fee and \$3,220 examination fee), payable to "Treasurer of the United States" (See Section 97.6 of the Regulations and Rules of Practice.) Partial applications will be held in the PVPO for not more than 90 days, then returned to the applicant as unfiled. Mail application and other requirements to Plant Variety Protection Office, AMS, USDA, Room 401, NAL Building, 10301 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville, MD 20705-2351. Retain one copy for your files. All items on the face of the application are self explanatory unless noted below. Corrections on the application form and exhibits must be initialed and dated. DO NOT use masking materials to make corrections. If a certificate is allowed, you will be requested to send a check payable to "Treasurer of the United States" in the amount of \$432 for issuance of the certificate. Certificates will be issued to owner, not licensee or agent.

Plant Variety Protection Office Telephone: (301) 504-5518 FAX: (301) 504-5291

Homepage: http://www.ams.usda.gov/science/pvpo/pvpindex.htm

To avoid conflict with other variety names in use, the applicant must check the appropriate recognized authority and provide evidence that name has been cleared by the appropriate recognized authority before the Certificate of Protection is issued. For example, for agricultural and vegetable crops, contact: Seed Branch, AMS, USDA, 10301 Baltimore Avenue, Suite 401 NAL Building, Beltsville, MD 20705. Telephone: (301) 504-5682 http://www.ams.usda.gov/lsg/seed.htm.

#### ITEM

19a. Give:

- (1) the genealogy, including public and commercial varieties, lines, or clones used, and the breeding method;
- (2) the details of subsequent stages of selection and multiplication;
- (3) evidence of uniformity and stability; and
- (4) the type and frequency of variants during reproduction and multiplication and state how these variants may be identified
- 19b. Give a summary of the variety's distinctness. Clearly state how this application variety may be distinguished from all other varieties in the same crop. If the new variety is most similar to one variety or a group of related varieties:
  - (1) identify these varieties and state all differences objectively;
  - (2) attach statistical data for characters expressed numerically and demonstrate that these are clear differences; and
  - (3) submit, if helpful, seed and plant specimens or photographs (prints) of seed and plant comparisons which clearly indicate distinctness.
- 19c. Exhibit C forms are available from the PVPO Office for most crops; specify crop kind. Fill in Exhibit C (Objective Description of Variety) form as completely as possible to describe your variety.
- 19d. Optional additional characteristics and/or photographs. Describe any additional characteristics that cannot be accurately conveyed in Exhibit C. Use comparative varieties as is necessary to reveal more accurately the characteristics that are difficult to describe, such as plant habit, plant color, disease resistance. etc.
- 19e. Section 52(5) of the Act requires applicants to furnish a statement of the basis of the applicant's ownership. An Exhibit E form is available from the PVPO.
- 20. If "Yes" is specified (seed of this variety be sold by variety name only, as a class of certified seed), the applicant MAY NOT reverse this affirmative decision after the variety has been sold and so labeled, the decision published, or the certificate issued. However, if "No" has been specified, the applicant may change the choice. (See Regulations and Rules of Practice, Section 97.103).
- 23. See Sections 41, 42, and 43 of the Act and Section 97.5 of the regulations for eligibility requirements.
- 24. See Section 55 of the Act for instructions on claiming the benefit of an earlier filing date.
- 22. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide a statement as to the limitation and sequence of generations that may be certified.)
  NA
- 23. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide the date of first sale, disposition, transfer, or use for each country and the circumstances, if the variety (including any harvested material) or a hybrid produced from this variety has been sold, disposed of, transferred, or used in the U.S. or other countries.) Sold as Foundation seed on 2/24/05.
- 24. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please give the country, date of filing or issuance, and assigned reference number, if the variety or any component of the variety is protected by intellectual property right (Plant Breeder's Right or Patent).)

  NA

NOTES: It is the responsibility of the applicant/owner to keep the PVPO informed of any changes of address or change of ownership or assignment or owner's representative during the life of the application/certificate. The fees for filing a change of address; owner's representative; ownership or assignment, or any modification of owner's name is specified in Section 97.175 of the regulations. (See Section 101 of the Act, and Sections 97.130, 97.131, 97.175(h) of the Regulations and Rules of Practice.)

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 1.4 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

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To file a complaint of discrimination, write USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, Room 326-W, Whitten Building, 14th and Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call 202-720-5964 (voice and TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

# **EXHIBIT A - BREEDING HISTORY**

### 'Louise'

- 1. Genealogy: 'Wakanz' (PI 506352)/'Wawawai' (PI 574538)
- 2. Stages of Selection and Multiplication:

1992: Final cross made: WSU research land.

**1993**: F₁ generation; advanced on WSU research land; all plants uniform; no variants observed.

**1994**: F<sub>2</sub> bulk population; WSU research land; selected 100 random spikes; segregating for maturity, plant height, and disease resistance; no variants observed.

**1995**: F<sub>3</sub> bulk population; WSU research land; no selection applied; segregating for maturity, plant height, and disease resistance; no variants observed.

**1996**: F<sub>4</sub> bulk population; WSU research land; selected 150 random spikes; segregating for maturity, plant height, and disease resistance; no variants observed.

**1997**: F<sub>4:5</sub> head row; WSU research land; selected based on appropriate plant height, head type, maturity, and disease resistance; no variants were observed within the single row.

**1998**: F<sub>4:6</sub> Single Plot Nursery (tested as S9800189); WSU research land; selected based on appropriate plant height, head type, maturity, field resistance to stripe rust, grain protein content, test weight, grain yield, and milling/baking quality; no variants were observed within the plot.

**1999**: F<sub>4:7</sub> Preliminary Yield Trial; WSU research land; selected based on appropriate plant height, head type, maturity, field resistance to stripe rust, grain protein content, test weight, grain yield, and milling/baking quality; no variants were observed within the plot.

**2000**: F<sub>4:8</sub> State Advanced Yield Trial; WSU research land; selected based on appropriate plant height, maturity, field resistance to stripe rust, grain protein content, test weight, grain yield, and milling/baking quality; no variants were observed within the plot.

**2001**: F<sub>4:9</sub> State Advanced Yield Trial; WSU research land; selected based on appropriate plant height, maturity, field resistance to stripe rust, grain protein content, test weight, grain yield, and milling/baking quality; no variants were observed within the plot.

**2002**: F<sub>4:10</sub> WSU Commercial Variety Trial: Tri-State Variety Trial (WA, OR, ID), (tested as WA007921); selected based on appropriate plant height, head type, maturity, field resistance to stripe rust, grain protein content, test weight, grain yield, and milling/baking quality; no variants were observed within the plot.

**2003**: F<sub>4:11</sub> WSU Commercial Variety Trial; Tri-State Variety Trial (WA, OR, ID), Nursery, Western Regional Performance Nursery; selected based on appropriate plant height, head type, maturity, field resistance to stripe rust, grain protein content, test weight, grain yield, and milling/baking quality; no variants were observed within the plot.

Individual F<sub>4:11</sub> heads (1100) of Louise were hand threshed and separately planted in 10 ft rows (headrows) in March 2003 with irrigation in Othello, WA for Breeder seed production. Breeder seed was bulk harvested from a reselection of the headrow block, based on phenotypic uniformity, in August 2003 and planted in March 2004 for Foundation seed production; no variants were observed within the block.

2004: WA007921 approved for release as the cultivar 'Louise': PI 634865

# 3. Evidence of uniformity and stability:

Louise has been observed to be stable and uniform with respect to plant morphology since 1997 as an  $F_4$ -derived line. This represents seven generations (1997-2003) through which this stability and uniformity have been observed. No variants were observed during this time frame.

# 4. Variants during reproduction:

Based on evaluations of Pre-Breeder, Breeder and Foundation seed lots, no variants were observed in Louise.

# **EXHIBIT B. - STATEMENT OF DISTINCTNESS**

Louise was released as a replacement for the soft white spring variety 'Zak' in the intermediate to high rainfall (>400 mm of average annual precipitation), nonirrigated wheat production regions of Washington State based on its superior end-use quality, high grain yield potential, high-temperature adult-plant resistance to local races of stripe rust (caused by *Puccinia striiformis* Westend. f. sp. *tritici*), and partial resistance to the Hessian fly [*Mayetiola destructor* (Say)]. Louise is most similar to the soft white common varieties Wakanz and Wawawai.

# A. Agronomic Characteristics

Heading date (day of year) and plant height (cm) data for Louise, Wakanz and Wawawai are described below. Number of plants used: 3 replications of 10 plants from each trial (150 plants for each variety overall).

- Analysis of variance combined over locations indicates that the heading date of Louise is earlier than Wakanz (Mean = 1.5 days) and later than Wawawai (mean = 1.6 days) with an LSD of 0.4, (P≤ 0.1) under Washington State field conditions. Data for each location, as well as over locations, are shown in Table B1.
- 2. Analysis of variance combined over locations indicates that Louise is taller than Wakanz (Mean = 9 cm), and shorter than Wawawai (Mean = 4 cm), with an LSD of 1.7, (P≤ 0.1) under Washington State field conditions. Data for each location, as well as over locations, are shown in Table B1.

**Table B1**. Heading dates (Day of Year (DOY)) and plant heights (cm) of Louise, Wakanz and Wawawai in commercial variety trials at 5 locations in Washington State in crop year 2004.

					Location	on	
Planting/Harvest	Dates (DOY)	78/202	82/222	92/228	109/231	91/224	
Trait	Variety	Horse Heaven	Dusty	Reardan	Mayview	Almira	Mean
Heading	Louise	152	164	176	179	170	165.1
Date	Wakanz	155	165	176	180	171	166.6
(DOY)	Wawawai	150	163	174	176	170	163.5
	Mean	152.3	163.9	175.3	178.2	170.3	165.1
<u> </u>	LSD (10%)	1.0	0.6	1.0	1.2	1.4	0.4
	SD	2.0	1.1	1.0	1.7	1.0	8.7
·	cv	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.4
Plant	Louise	73.7	94.8	92.3	76.2	78.7	85.1
Height	Wakanz	65.2	83.8	82.1	70.3	69.4	76.1
(cm)	Wawawai	77.9	100.8	94.0	83.8	83.8	89.0
	Mean	72.3	93.1	89.5	76.8	77.3	83.4
	LSD (10%)	1.5	5.7	4.7	4.3	6.2	1.7
	SD	5.7	7.8	5.9	6.6	7.0	14.9
	cv	1.2	3.5	3.0	3.2	4.6	3.3

\*Combined analysis of variance was conducted after the assumptions required for combing data over locations were met (i.e. variances were homogenous and data were normally distributed).

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# **B.** Genetic Characteristics

The novelty of Louise is demonstrated by high-molecular weight (HMW) glutenin profiles (Payne et al. 1983) and microsatellite fingerprint data that, when combined, differentiate Louise from Wawawai and Wakanz. HMW glutenins were resolved via SDS-Page, and visualized using Coomassie Brilliant Blue (Payne and Lawrence, 1983). Glutenin profiles were recorded using a Polaroid camera to capture gel images, which were scanned into the computer followed by labeling in Microsoft Powerpoint (Figure 1). Amplified fragments from microsatellite markers were resolved in denaturing polyacrylamide gels and visualized using a Li-cor DNA Sequencer (Li-cor, Lincoln, NE) (Figures 2 and 3).

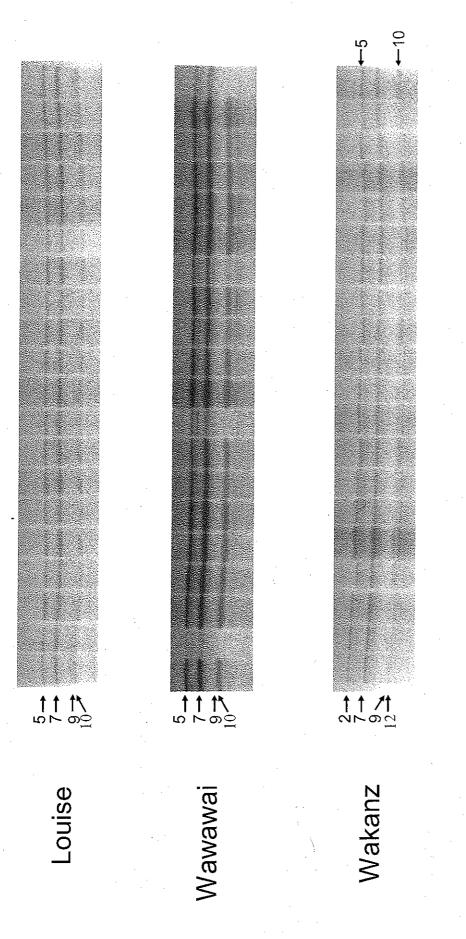
The HMW glutenin profile of 100% of the individuals tested within Louise and Wawawai populations was [null 7+9 5+10] (Figure 1). The HMW glutenin profile of Wakanz was heterogeneous, consisting of the banding profiles [null 7+9 5+10] or [null 7+9 2+12] present in 35% and 65%, respectively, of individuals within the population.

Two microsatellite markers, *Xgwm132* and *Xgwm169*, were used to distinguish Louise from Wawawai and Wakanz. *Xgwm132* is located on wheat chromosome 6BS between RFLP loci *Xrz995* (proximal) and *Xcdo476* (distal), whereas *Xgwm16* is located on chromosome 6AL between the microsatellite locus *Xgwm570* (proximal) and RFLP locus *Xfba20* (distal) (Röder et al., 1998). DNA amplification of *Xgwm132* revealed 108 and 128 basepair (bp) fragments in Louise and Wawawai, whereas fragments of 106, 114 and 128 basepairs were amplified from Wakanz (Figure 2). DNA amplification of *Xgwm169* revealed a 192 bp fragment in Louise and Wakanz, and a 218 bp fragment in Wawawai (Figure 3).

### References:

Payne, PI, and GJ Lawrence. 1983. Catalogue of alleles for the complex gene loci, <u>Glu-A1</u>, <u>Glu-B1</u>, and <u>Glu-D1</u>, which code for high-molecular-weight subunits of glutenin in hexaploid wheat. Cer. Res. Comm. 11:29-35.

Röder MS, V Korzun, K Wendehake, J Plaschke, M-H Tixier, P Leroy, and MW Ganal. 1998. A microsatellite map of wheat. Genetics 149:2007-2023.



of Louise, Wawawai and Wakanz kernels. The HMW glutenin profile for Louise and Wawawai is [null 7+9 5+10], whereas individuals within Wakanz are either [null 7+9 2+12] or [null 7+9 5+10]. Proteins were resolved via SDS-Page, and visualized using Coomassie Brilliant Blue (Payne and Lawrence, 1983). Figure 1. High-molecular weight glutenin profiles of bulked (first lane) and individual (19) progeny extracts

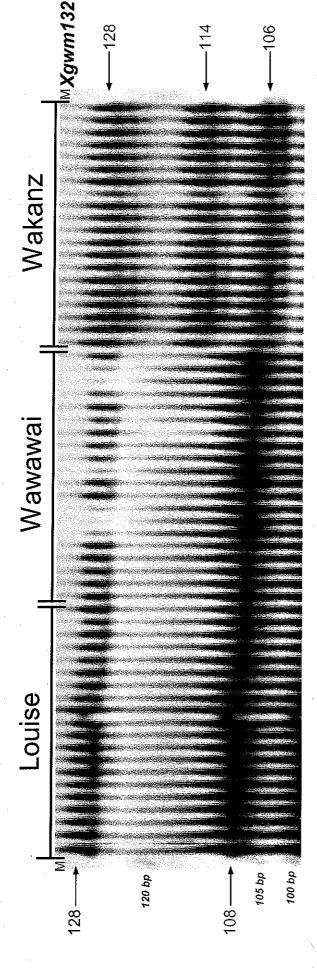
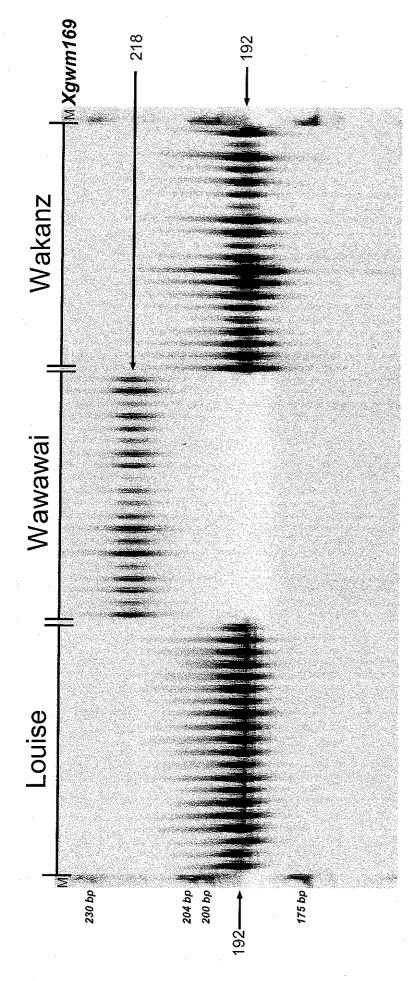


Figure 2. Microsatellite locus Xgwm132 on wheat chromosome 6BS amplified from bulk (first lane of each 128 basepairs (bp) were amplified from Louise and Wawawai, whereas fragments of 106, 114 and 128 bp esolved in denaturing polyacrylamide followed by visualization with an automated DNA Li-cor Sequencer nanometers. The first and last lanes, labeled "M", contain molecular weight standards at 75, 94, 100, 105 were amplified from Wakanz. DNA was obtained from young leaf tissue and the amplified products were Li-cor, Lincoln, NE). The forward primer for Xgwm132 was labeled with fluorescent dye detected at 700 variety) and individual (19) progeny of Louise, Wawawai and Wakanz. Two DNA fragments of 108 and



primer for Xgwm169 was labeled with fluorescent dye detected at 700 nanometers. The first and last lanes, Figure 3. Microsatellite locus Xgwm169 on wheat chromosome 6AL amplified from bulk (first lane of each cultivar) and individual (19) progeny of Louise, Wawawai and Wakanz. A 192 basepair (bp) fragment was obtained from young leaf tissue and the amplified products were resolved in denaturing polyacrylamide amplified in Louise and Wakanz, whereas a 218 bp fragment was amplified from Wawawai. DNA was followed by visualization with an automated DNA Li-cor Sequencer (Li-cor, Lincoln, NE). The forward abeled "M", contain molecular weight standards of 145,175, 200 and 204 bp.

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE BELTSVILLE, MD 20705

Exhibit C

**OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY** 

	Wheat ( <i>Trit</i>	icum spp.)		-
NAME OF APPLICANT (S) Washington State University Research Foundation	TEMPORARY OR EXPERIMENTA WA007921	L DESIGNATION	VARIETY NAME Louise	
ADDRESS (Street and No. or RD No., City, State, Zip Code and Country) 1610 NE Eastgate Blvd. Pullman, WA 99163			PUROPPICIAL ESE ONEX PUPO NUMBER  2005 0	0314
PLEASE READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY	Ÿ:			
Place the appropriate number that describes the vari when number is either 99 or less or 9 or less respect should be determined from varieties entered in the sa	etal character of this variety in ively. Data for quantitative pla	nt characters should be ba Society or any recognized c	sed on a minimum of 100 plar olor standard may be used to	ts. Comparative data determine plant colors;
1. KIND:  1 = Common 2 = Durum 3 = Club 4 = Other (Specify)		2. VERNALIZATION:  1 = Spring 2 = Winter 3 = Other (Sp	pecify)	
3. COLEOPTILE ANTHOCYANIN:  1 1 = Absent 2 = Present		4. JUVENILE PLANT GR 3 1 = Prostra		3 = Erect
5. PLANT COLOR: (boot stage)		6. FLAG LEAF: (boot stag	ge)	:
1 = Yellow-Green 2 = Green 3 = Blue-Green		2 1 = Erect 2 1 = Not Twist 1 = Wax Absorption	;	
7. EAR EMERGENCE:  165 Number of Days (Average)  02 Number of Days Earlier Than *	Wakanz (Pl 506342)	. "		
Transport of Bayo addition Than	Eden (PI 630983)		······	
INGITIDE OF DAYS LATER THAT	Wawawai (PI 574538) Relative to a PVPO-Approved C	Commercial Variety Grown	in the Same Trial	÷
8. ANTHER COLOR:				

1 = Yellow 2 = Purple

				3			Éxi	hibit C (
9. PLANT HEIGHT: (from soil to to 085 cm (Average) 09 cm Taller Than Same As cm Shorter Than	p of head, excluding awns)  Wakanz  Wawawai			* *	20	0500		second of a control of a contro
IO. STEM:								
A. ANTHOCYANIN		С	). INTE	RNODE				
1 = Absent 2 = Pres	sent		1	1 = Hollow	2 = Semi-solid	3 = Solid		
en e			4	Number of Nodes				
B. WAXY BLOOM		E	. PEDI	JNCLE				
1 = Absent 2 = Pres	sent		32	1 = Erect 2 = R cm Length	ecurved 3 = Ser	ni-erect		
C. HAIRINESS (last internode	of rachis)	F	. AURI	CLE				
2 1 = Absent 2 = Pres	sent		1	Anthocyanin:	1 = Absent	2 = Present		
			1	. Hair:	1 = Absent	2 = Present		
1. HEAD: (At Maturity)							·	
A. DENSITY		С	. CUR	VATURE	•			
1 = Lax 2 = Middense (Laxidens 3 = Dense	se)		2	1 = Erect 2 = Inclined 3 = Recurved				
B. SHAPE		D	. AWN	EDNESS				
1 = Tapering 2 = Strap 3 = Clavate 4 = Other (Specify)		<del>-</del> ·'	4	1 = Awnless 2 = Apically Awnle 3 = Awnletted 4 = Awned	tted			
2. GLUMES: (At Maturity)								
A. COLOR		E	. BEAK	WIDTH				
1 = White 2 = Tan 3 = Other (Specify)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1	1 = Narrow 2 = Medium 3 = Wide				

B. SHOULDER

5 1 = Wanting 2 = Oblique 3 = Rounded 4 = Square 5 = Elevated 6 = Apiculate 7 = Other (Specify)

C. SHOULDER WIDTH

2 1 = Narrow 2 = Medium 3 = Wide

D. BEAK

1 = Obtuse 2 = Acute 3 = Acuminate F. GLUME LENGTH

1 = Short (ca. 7mm) 2 = Medium (ca. 8mm) 3 = Long (ca. 9mm)

G. WIDTH

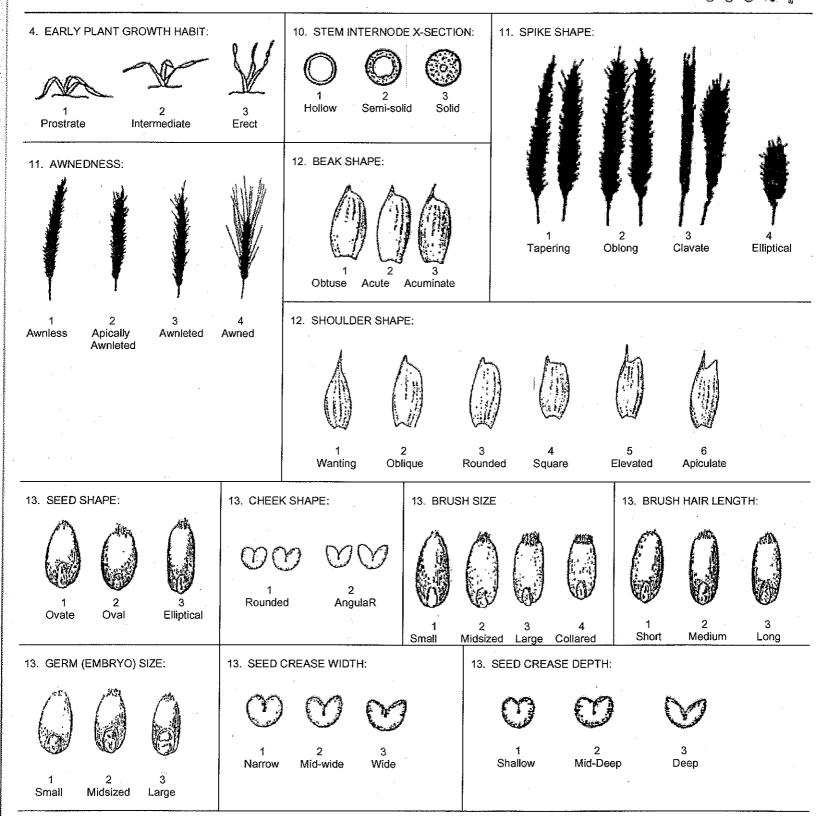
1 = Narrow (ca. 3mm) 2 = Medium (ca. 3.5mm) 3 = Long (ca. 4mm)

13. S	EED:		
	. SHAPE	E. CÓLOR 200500	311
3	1 = Ovate 2 = Oval 3 = Elliptical	1 = White 2 = Amber 3 = Red 4 = Other (Specify)	
E	CHEEK	F. TEXTURE	
1	1 = Rounded 2 = Angular	1 = Hard 2 = Soft 3 = Other (Specify)	
C	BRUSH	G. PHENOL REACTION (See Instructions)	
2	1 = Short 1 = Not Collared 2 = Medium 2 = Collared 3 = Long	1 = Ivory 4 = Dark Brown 2 = Fawn 5 = Black 3 = Light Brown	
E	. CREASE	H. SEED WEIGHT	
1	1 = Width 60% or less of Kernel 2 = Width 80% or less of Kernel 3 = Width Nearly as Wide as Kernel	g/1000 Seed (Whole number only)	
2	1 = Depth 20% or less of Kemel 2 = Depth 35% or less of Kemel 3 = Depth 50% or less of Kernel	I. GERM SIZE  1 = Small 2 = Midsize 3 = Large	
14. DI	SEASE: PLEASE INDICATE THE SPECIFIC RACE OR STRA  (0 = Not Tested 1 = Susceptible	RAIN TESTED  2 = Resistant 3 = Intermediate 4 = Tolerant)	
0	Stem Rust ( <i>Puccinia graminis</i> f. sp. <i>tritici</i> )	O Leaf Rust (Puccinia recondita f. sp. tritici)	-
4	Stripe Rust ( <i>Puccinia striiformis</i> )	0 Loose Smut (Ustilago tritici)	
0	Tan Spot ( <i>Pyrenophora tritici-repentis</i> )	Flag Smut ( <i>Urocystis agropyri</i> )	
0	Halo Spot (Selenophoma donacis)	O Common Bunt (Tilletia tritici or T. laevis)	
0	Septoria nodorum (Glume Blotch)	0 Dwarf Bunt (Tilletia controversa)	
0	Septoria avenae (Speckled Leaf Disease)	Karnal Bunt ( <i>Tilletia indica</i> )	
0	Septoria tritici (Speckled Leaf Blotch)	Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe graminis f. sp. tritici)	
0	Scab ( <i>Fusarium</i> spp.)	0 "Snow Molds"	
0	"Black Point" (Kernel Smudge)	O Common Root Rot (Fusarium, Cochliobolus and Bipolaris spp.)	
0	Barley Yellow Dwarf Virus (BYDV)	1 Rhizoctonia Root Rot ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> )	
0	Soilborne Mosaic Virus (SBMV)	Black Chaff (Xanthomonas campestris pv. translucens).	-
0	Wheat Yellow (Spindle Streak) Mosaic Virus	Bacterial Leaf Blight ( <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. syringae)	
0	Wheat Streak Mosaic Virus (WSMV)	Other (Specify)	
	Other (Specify)	Other (Specify)	
L	Other (Specify)	Other (Specify)	
	Other (Specify)	Other (Specify)	
15. IN:	SECT: (0 = Not Tested 1 = Susceptible 2 = Resistant	•	
2	1	ECIFY BIOTYPE (where needed)	
ا ا	Hessian Fly (Mayetiola destructor)	Other (Specify)	
1	Stem Sawfly (Cephus spp.)	Other (Specify)	. 10
Ι,	Cereal Leaf Beetle (Oulema melanopa)	Other (Specify)	

15. INS	CT: (continued)	0 = Not Tested	1 = Susceptible	2 = Resistant	3 = Intermediate	4 = Tolerant	
0	Russian Aphid ( <i>Diu</i> Greenbug ( <i>Schizap</i>	•	PLEASE SI	Othe Othe	PE (Where Needed) or (Specify)	200	500311
0	Aphids			Othe	r (Specify)		

16. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON ANY ITEM ABOVE, OR GENERAL COMMENTS:

200500311



# **EXHIBIT D – OPTIONAL SUPPORTING INFORMATION**

# Milling and Baking Quality:

The end-use quality performance of Louise is compared with the soft white spring varieties Alpowa and Zak through t-test analyses (Table D1). Alpowa is the primary soft white spring variety, based on acreage, in commercial production in Washington State, whereas Zak is the current regional standard for end-use quality of soft white spring wheat.

The grain test weight of Louise is similar to Zak, but significantly lower (poorer) than that of Alpowa. The grain protein concentration of Louise is similar to Alpowa, and lower (better) than Zak. The thousand kernel weight of Louise is heavier (better) than those for Alpowa and Zak. The flour yield of Louise is similar to Zak and higher (better) than Alpowa. The break flour yield of Louise is higher (better) than Alpowa, but lower (poorer) than Zak. The flour ash content of Louise is similar to that of Alpowa and lower (better) than that of Zak. The milling score of Louise is higher (better) than those for Alpowa and Zak. The flour protein concentrations of Louise, Alpowa and Zak are similar, as are the mixograph water absorption rates of flour extracted from the three varieties. Louise and Zak have similar cookie diameters, which are larger (better) than that for Alpowa. Sponge cake volumes of Louise, Alpowa and Zak are similar.

In general, Louise has excellent milling and baking properties. Of particular note is its high milling score and superior cookie diameter. Louise's milling performance is substantially better than that of Alpowa, and its baking qualities are similar to or better than those of Zak.

**Table D1:** Mean, least significant difference (LSD), probability level (P-value) and number of pair wise comparisons made (N) in t-test analyses for various end-use quality characteristics.

Test Grain Weight Protein (1b/bu) (%) 61.1 10.7 62.5* 11.0 0.6 0.5 <0.01 0.17 15 15 61.6 10.7* 61.8 11.1	Iponsand		Break				Mixograph		Sponge
(bbbu) (%)  61.1 10.7  62.5* 11.0  0.6 0.5  <0.01 0.17  15 15  61.6 10.7*  61.8 11.1  0.4 0.3	Kernel	Flour	Flour	Flour	Milling	Flour	•	Cookie	Cake
61.1 10.7 62.5* 11.0 0.6 0.5 <0.01 0.17 15 15 61.6 10.7* 61.8 11.1 0.4 0.3	(g)	(%)	2 (%)	(%)	Score	Protein (%)	Absorption (%)	Diameter (cm)	Volume (cc)
61.1 10.7 62.5* 11.0 0.6 0.5 <0.01 0.17 15 15 61.6 10.7* 61.8 11.1 0.4 0.3									
62.5* 11.0 0.6 0.5 <0.01 0.17 15 15 61.6 10.7* 61.8 11.1 0.4 0.3	37.6*	66.4*	49.3*	0.36	82.8*	8.8	53.2	*/ 6	1327
0.6 0.5 <0.01 0.17 15 15 61.6 10.7* 61.8 11.1 0.4 0.3	34.1	64.0	48.0	0.35	80.6	9.1	53.5	. c. 6	1368
61.6 10.7* 61.8 11.1 64.8 0.3	2.1	6.0	6.0	0.02	1.7	0.4	0.7	0.2	148
61.6 10.7* 61.8 11.1 0.4 0.3	<0.01	<0.01	0.01	0.13	0,01	0.19	0.36	0.0	0.35
61.6 10.7* 61.8 11.1 0.4 0.3	14	15	5	15	5	15	13	<u>(</u>	e 6
61.6 10.7* 61.8 11.1 0.4 0.3									
61.8 11.1 0.4 0.3	39.3*	67.1	49.9	0.36*	83.9*	8.9	53.0	9.7	1305
0.4 0.3	35.4	2.99	51.1*	0.39	81.2	9.5	53.1	9.7	1323
•	1.0	0.4	9.0	0.01	0.8	0.3	0.5	0.1	35
0.02	<0.01	0.06	<0.01	<0.07	<0.01	0.07	0.73	0.05	0.29
	25	24	24	25	24	25	22	23	12

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STATEMENT OF THE BASIS OF OWNERSHIP		
NAME OF APPLICANT(S)  Washington State University Research Foundation	2. TEMPORARY DESIGNATION OR EXPERIMENTAL NUMBER WA007921	3. VARIETY NAME  Louise
4. ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP, and Country)	5. TELEPHONE (Include area code)	6. FAX (Include area code)
1610 NE Eastgate Blvd. Pullman, WA 99163	(509) 335-4363	(509) 335-7237
	7. PVPO NUMBER	00500311
8. Does the applicant own all rights to the variety? Mark an "X" in th	e appropriate block. If no, please expla	in. YES NO
	•	
9. Is the applicant (individual or company) a U.S. national or a U.S. b	pased company? If no, give name of co	ountry. YES NO
10. Is the applicant the original owner?	NO If no, please answer one	of the following:
a. If the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is (	(are) the original owner(s) a U.S. Nationa  NO If no, give name of count	` '
b. If the original rights to variety were owned by a company(ies)	, is (are) the original owner(s) a U.S. bas	
11. Additional explanation on ownership (Trace ownership from origin	nal breeder to current owner. Use the re	everse for extra space if needed):
'Louise' was developed by Dr. Kimberlee K. Kidwell, Spring Wh		
Washington State University's ownership interests were assigned	to the Washington State University Re-	search Foundation.
	•	
PLEASE NOTE:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Plant variety protection can only be afforded to the owners (not licens	sees) who meet the following criteria:	
If the rights to the variety are owned by the original breeder, that penational of a country which affords similar protection to nationals or a country which affords similar protection.		
<ol><li>If the rights to the variety are owned by the company which employ nationals of a UPOV member country, or owned by nationals of a genus and species.</li></ol>		
3. If the applicant is an owner who is not the original owner, both the	original owner and the applicant must m	eet one of the above criteria.
The original breeder/owner may be the individual or company who did Act for definitions.	rected the final breeding. See Section 4	1(a)(2) of the Plant Variety Protection
According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. including the time for reviewing the instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering a	The time required to complete this information collect	tion is estimated to average 0.1 hour per response,

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